

# Tiptop Audio — SD808

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- [Manual PDF](#)
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[SD808 Manual PDF](#)

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## Using the Tiptop Audio SD808 for Hyper Complex Rhythmic Percussion in Eurorack

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The **Tiptop Audio SD808** is a powerful analog snare drum voice ported from the legendary TR-808, adapted for modular flexibility. To craft densely rhythmic, deeply layered, and hyper-complex percussion sequences with polyrhythms and unique patterns, here's a guide on exploiting the module's features in creative, punchy, and percussive ways.

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### 1. Rhythmic Programming & Polyrhythms

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- **Multiple Gate/Trigger Sources:**  
Patch different gate or trigger patterns into **GATE IN** and **ACCENT IN** using two separate, unsynchronized or polyrhythmically related sequencers (or clock dividers/multipliers).
  - Example: GATE IN receives a 5-step sequence, ACCENT IN a 7-step pattern. The overlays create a complex, ever-shifting accentuation reminiscent of polyrhythms.
  - **Use Sequential Switches/Mutes:**  
Employ gate switchers to programmatically reroute varying rhythm patterns into the SD808—modulate sequences in real-time to break out of simple loops.
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## 2. Complex Time Signatures and Pattern Manipulation

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- **Pattern Sequencers:**

Use step sequencers (like Intellijel Metropolis, Five12 Vector, or Pamela's Pro Workout) set to non-4/4 lengths (e.g., 13, 15, 6, 9 steps) to trigger the SD808.

- **Probability/Gate Length:**

Send random/probabilistic gates, or modulate gate length for variety—short triggers for tight snaps, longer gates for added envelope length (if supported by your sequencer).

- **Clock Multiply/Divide:**

Route master clocks through clock dividers/multipliers for polymetric layering. Send resulting rhythms to the snare for syncopated, shifting hits.

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## 3. Voice Manipulation & Advanced Timbre

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- **Live Modulation of Controls:**

Map CV sources, LFOs, function generators, or step sequencers to the:

- **TONE** (crossfades between low/high T-net sines—try LFO/sequence for changing snap vs rattle)

- **SNAPPY** (white noise envelope—CV for dynamic noise bursts)

- **LEVEL/ACCENT** (manually or with external CV via attenuator/VCA for expressive hits)

- **Hands-On Performance:**

Ride the **Accent** and **Snappy** knobs during sequences for articulation. Abrupt level changes create punchy, stutter, or roll effects.

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## 4. Gain Staging and Saturation

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- **Output Hotness (Distortion/Drive):**

Push **LEVEL** and **ACCENT** to max—output can reach up to 20Vp.p,

driving downstream modules, outboard pedals, or mixer channels into saturation/distortion.

- **External Processing:**

Run the SD808 through wavefolders, analog saturation modules, 8-bit/bitcrusher FX, resonant filters, or resonant EQs to sculpt gnarly, punchy, or glitchy snares.

- **Resonant Filter Modulation:**

Patch SD808 into a resonant multimode filter, modulating cutoff/resonance with unrelated sequences, LFOs, or even the snare's own envelope for wild spectral shaping.

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## 5. Hybrid CV/Audio Feedback

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- **Audio-to-CV Experimentation:**

Route SD808 outs into CV inputs elsewhere (filters, FM, amplitude modulation) for cross-modulated chaos.

- **Ring Modulation/VCA:**

Combine two drum sources through a ring modulator or VCA—use another snare, hi-hat, or even melody line for amplitude-modulated, morphing percussion textures.

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## 6. DIY Internal Tweaking

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- **Noise Trimmer:**

Use the on-board trimmer to adjust the white noise generator's gain for subtle to aggressive snap, tailoring your drum's "crack" for your patch and mix.

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## 7. Patch Example: "Polymetric Ghost Snare Grid"

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1. **Clock Source:**

Multi-dividers produce 3/16 and 5/16 triggers.

2. **GATE IN:**

Receives 3/16 pulse train.

3. **ACCENT IN:**

Receives 5/16 pulse train.

4. **Snappy (CV in):**

Modulate from a slow random voltage or sample & hold to vary snare decay/noise density.

5. **SD OUT:**

→ Resonant filter with sequenced cutoff modulation

→ Wavefolder

→ FX/sampler/looping module

6. **Record the Snare Layer:**

This setup yields rolling, ever-morphing snares, from classic 808 cracks to metallic bursts and syncopated trills.

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## 8. General Tips for Unique, Punchy Percussive Sequences

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- Sequence the **Accent** input independently for dynamic groove.
- Use **external CVs** to sporadically modulate sonic parameters.
- Process through aggressive FX and feedback chains.
- Layer with other drum voices, using ring modulation or amplitude modulation for density.
- Randomize or sequence modulations for maximum rhythmic and timbral complexity.

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The SD808 thrives in modular environments, where creative patching and modulation will yield drums that are far more alive, hybridized, and unpredictable than classic drum machines. Let each control and patch point become a vector for unexpected grooves and percussive surprise.

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